

Analyze Shared Powers



Name: _____ Date: _____

Use the material to work through each task. Show the requested response.

A broad federal example

Congress can pass a bill. The president can veto it. Congress can override a veto with the required two-thirds vote in each chamber. This example shows that actions can involve more than one branch.

1. Which institution passes the bill in this example?

2. What action can the president take?

3. What vote is required for the stated override?

4. Explain why this example involves a check rather than one person deciding alone.

5. Does a veto always end the bill permanently?

6. What would you need before explaining every step of federal lawmaking?
